

ACTEX Learning Flashcards

Learning & Memorizing Key Topics and Formulas

SOA Exam MFE

Spring 2017 Edition

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Profit of a Position

Profit (of net payoff) of a position is computed as follows:

Value of the final position at *T*

- + accumulated value of any income received in (0, T)
- accumulated cost to set up the position at time 0.

(Section 1.1.2)

Payoffs of K-strike T-year European Calls and Puts

Call:
$$(S_T - K)_+ = \max(S_T - K, 0)$$

Put: $(K - S_T)_+ = \max(K - S_T, 0)$

(Section 1.1.3)

Forward and Prepaid Forward Prices

 $\begin{array}{c} Module \ 1-5 \\ MFE \ Exam \ 2017 \ - \ ACTEX \ Learning \end{array}$

Type of Dividend	Prepaid Forward Price	Forward Price
None	S_t	$S_t e^{r(T-t)}$
Discrete	$S_t - PV_{t,T}(Div)$	$S_t e^{r(T-t)} - FV_{t,T}(Div)$
Continuous	$S_t e^{-\delta(T-t)}$	$S_t e^{(r-\delta)(T-t)}$

(Section 1.2)

 $\begin{array}{c} Module \ 1-6 \\ MFE \ Exam \ 2017 \ - \ ACTEX \ Learning \end{array}$

Put-Call Parity

$$c(S_0, K, T) - p(S_0, K, T) = F_{0,T}^P(S) - Ke^{-rT} = e^{-rT}[F_{0,T}(S) - K]$$

(Section 1.3.1)

 $\begin{array}{c} Module \ 1-8 \\ \text{MFE Exam 2017 - ACTEX Learning} \end{array}$

Caps and Floors

 $\begin{array}{c} Module \ 1-9 \\ MFE \ Exam \ 2017 \ - \ ACTEX \ Learning \end{array}$

 $Cap = short \ stock + long \ call,$

Floor = long stock + long put

(Section 1.3.2)

Covered Call and Covered Put

Covered call = short call + long stock,

Covered put = short put + short stock

(Section 1.3.2)

Spreads, Butterfly Spreads and Box Spread

 $\begin{array}{c} Module \ 1-13 \\ \text{MFE Exam 2017 - ACTEX Learning} \end{array}$

Spread: created by same type of options

Suppose
$$K_1 < K_2 < K_3$$
. Let $\lambda = \frac{K_3 - K_2}{K_3 - K_1}$.

	<u> </u>
Bull Spread	Payoff does not decrease as stock price increases
	$c(K_1) - c(K_2)$ or $p(K_1) - p(K_2)$
Door Comood	Payoff does not increase as stock price increases
Bear Spread	$c(K_2) - c(K_1)$ or $p(K_2) - p(K_1)$
Butterfly Spread	Long λ $c(K_1)$, short 1 $c(K_2)$, long $(1 - \lambda)$ $c(K_3)$
	or
	Long $\lambda p(K_1)$, short $1 p(K_2)$, long $(1 - \lambda) p(K_3)$
Box Spread	Constant payoff of $K_2 - K_1$
	$c(K_1) - c(K_2) + p(K_2) - p(K_1)$

(Section 1.3.3)

Collar

 $\begin{array}{c} Module~1-15 \\ MFE~Exam~2017~-~ACTEX~Learning \end{array}$

Long collar = long $p(K_1) - c(K_2)$ where $K_1 < K_2$

A zero-cost collar is a collar with a zero initial cost.

Collared stock = long stock + long collar(Section 1.3.3)