

# a/s/m


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*Actuarial Study Materials*

Learning Made Easier

## **Flashcards for SOA Exam LTAM**

1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 4<sup>th</sup> Printing



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*Three formulas for  ${}_{t|u}q_x$  in terms of  
non-deferred  $p$ 's and  $q$ 's*



$${}_{t|u}q_x = {}_t p_x {}_u q_{x+t}$$

$${}_{t|u}q_x = {}_t p_x - {}_{t+u} p_x$$

$${}_{t|u}q_x = {}_{t+u} q_x - {}_t q_x$$



*$k p_x$  in terms of  $l$ 's*

## Survival Distributions



$${}_k p_x = \frac{l_{x+k}}{l_x}$$



*$kq_x$  in terms of  $l$ 's and  $d$ 's*



$${}_kq_x = \frac{{}_k d_x}{l_x} = \frac{l_x - l_{x+k}}{l_x}$$



*$t|uq_x$  in terms of  $l$ 's and  $d$ 's*



$${}_{t|u}q_x = \frac{{}_u d_{x+t}}{l_x} = \frac{l_{x+t} - l_{x+t+u}}{l_x}$$



*Definition of  ${}_tq_x$  in terms of probabilities of  $X$ ,  
the random variable for age at death.*



$${}_tq_x = \Pr(x < X \leq x + t \mid X > x)$$



*Definition of  ${}_t p_x$  in terms of probabilities of  $X$ ,  
the random variable for age at death.*



$${}_t p_x = \Pr(X > x + t \mid X > x)$$



*Definition of  ${}_t|uq_x$  in terms of probabilities of  $X$ , the random variable for age at death.*



$${}_{t|u}q_x = \Pr(x + t < X \leq x + t + u \mid X > x)$$



*General formula for  $A_x$*





$$A_x = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} v^{k+1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k}$$



*General formula for  $\mathbf{E}[Z_x^2]$*



$$\mathbf{E}[Z_x^2] = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k|q_x v^{2(k+1)} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k p_x q_{x+k} v^{2(k+1)}$$



*General formula for  $A_{x:\overline{n}|}^1$*



$$A_{x:\overline{n}|}^1 = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} v^{k+1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k}$$



*General formula for  $A_{x:\overline{n}|}$*



$$A_{x:\overline{n}|} = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} v^{k+1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k} + v^n {}_n p_x$$



*General formula for  ${}_n|A_x$*





$${}_n|A_x = \sum_{k=n}^{\infty} v^{k+1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k}$$



*General formula for  ${}_{n|m}A_x$*



$${}_{n|m}A_x = \sum_{k=n}^{n+m-1} v^{k+1} {}_k p_x q_{x+k}$$



*Formula for EPV of benefit premium  
annuity-due*

$$\ddot{a}_B(x, t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} v^k {}_k p_x \left( \frac{B(x+k, t+k)}{B(x, t)} \right)$$



*Formula for EPV of benefit premium annuity-due when health costs by age increase geometrically with  $B(x + 1, t)/B(x, t) = c$  and health cost inflation is constant at rate  $j$ .*



$$\ddot{a}_B(x, t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} v^k {}_k p_x c^k (1 + j)^k$$



*When health costs by age increase geometrically with  $B(x + 1, t)/B(x, t) = c$  and health cost inflation is constant at rate  $j$ , benefit premium annuity-due can be valued at whole life annuity at adjusted interest rate  $i^*$ .*

*What is  $i^*$ ?*





$$i^* = \frac{1 + i}{c(1 + j)} - 1$$

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